



## Market update



Credit markets shifted into a more risk-averse mode in August and sentiment largely remains cautious. This is despite an injection of fresh optimism for global economic growth seen in early September stemming from speculation over a resolution of the US- China trade issue and expectations of substantial future monetary and fiscal support for G10 economies. Sovereign bond yields in G10 economies fell in August, snapped back up in September but remain volatile. The total of listed debt globally trading with negative yields remains around USD 16trn, creating distortions in banking, credit and investment markets, especially for the profitability of financial institutions and the valuation of pension funds. The controversial September move of the ECB to cut interest rates further, restart "quantitative easing" and the present shortage of bank liquidity in US financial markets are creating more questions and risks for credit investors to consider.

An economic slowdown and disinflation/deflation taking hold looks most probable in G10 countries. More risky credits in global markets are not pricing this scenario at all and are thus vulnerable to a pricing correction. Inflation (CPI at 2.9 % year-on-year in August) in the Czech economy is still relatively high, driven by wage growth, retail demand and housing costs. This is in contrast to the weak dynamics in the industrial sector both domestically and in key export partners (especially Germany), creating a two-way "tug-of-war" situation for the Czech National Bank. The CNB opted in late September to keep interest rates flat at 2 %.

Mark Robinson, Member of the Investment Committee

## Portfolio update



We still see the likelihood of one more hike from the CNB in late 2019-early 2020, especially if disinflation does not take hold in the Czech Republic and the Czech koruna weakens due to global factors. We thus stay invested in floating rate bonds or those with short maturities, as we see the risk of credit spreads widening. Investing in shorter term bonds prevents capital losses from occurring if yields shift upwards as a consequence of our predictions. We were active in portfolio investment in August: we increased our position in the 12-month promissory notes of Czech energy conglomerate EPH, as well as initiating a fresh 12-month promissory note holding in Penta, the Czech-Slovak corporate grouping. We sold down our position in the reverse repo backed by Harfa and sold out of that backed by CETV. We also redeemed the fully - secured short-term bridge loan to Prague-based developer Satpo. The current portfolio yield stands at 4.68 % per annum at the August month end. The unit value grew 0.31 % in August.

Lubor Žalman, Founder of the fund

## **Contact for investors**

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